

Crop Progress and Condition



NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE

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In Cooperation with...

- University of Idaho Extension
- Idaho State Department of Agriculture
- · Oregon State University Extension Service
- Oregon Department of Agriculture
- Washington State University Extension
- USDA, Farm Service Agency

Regional Contacts

Phone: 1-800-435-5883 Email: nassrfonwr@usda.gov

- Washington Dennis Koong, Regional Director
- Idaho Ben Johnson, State Statistician
- Oregon Dave Losh, State Statistician
- Alaska Andrew Brosier, State Statistician

Warmer Weather Across Most of Idaho

There were 6.9 days suitable for fieldwork in Idaho, up from 6.5 days reported the previous week. Idaho experienced warmer than normal temperatures for the week in the northern region of the State, but normal to cooler temperatures in the rest of the State. In Jerome and Twin Falls Counties, a summer weather pattern settled in, and the second cutting of alfalfa was underway. Spring crops had emerged with the warm weather, but more consistent heat was still needed. Some winter wheat started to change color. In Elmore and Owyhee Counties, warmer temperatures improved crop growth. There were some seasonal thunderstorms and dry lightning that produced two small fires, mainly on rangeland. Several north Idaho counties reported that periodic rain events helped slow drought effects, but spring crops needed more moisture. In northeast Idaho, rain helped with irrigation needs, but cooler temperatures remained and slowed crop growth.

Summer Weather Starts in Oregon

There were 7.0 days suitable for fieldwork in Oregon, up from 6.8 days reported the previous week. This week in Oregon temperatures were above average and limited areas received minimal precipitation. In the northwest region of Oregon, weather conditions were hot and dry. Soil continued to dry out unless it was irrigated. In Columbia, Multnomah, and Washington Counties, the weather was generally good for most crops. In Clatsop and Tillamook Counties, reports indicated corn was in the vegetative state. Fields were mowed and baled. In Umatilla County, hot and dry weather conditions were reported. Winter canola harvest began. All dryland crops were maturing early due to the heat. In Malheur County, a break in a major canal interrupted irrigation as the season's highest temperatures arrived. There were reports of scattered showers early in the week with no interruption to field activity. Growers began their final irrigation of wheat prior to harvest. The hot and dry weather conditions increased the pace of alfalfa second cuttings. Pasture and range conditions began to decline due to dry conditions.

Warm and Dry Week in Washington

There were 6.9 days suitable for fieldwork in Washington, unchanged from the previous week. Western Washington continued to experience hot and dry conditions. Most first cutting alfalfa hay was complete and second cutting was underway. Corn emerged and farmers reported that grass crops were growing slower than usual due to the dry conditions. In central Washington, soil dried out and crops started to look stressed due to the heat and dry conditions. Winter wheat changed color. In Yakima County, there were scattered lightning storms early in the week with several wildfires, including a larger fire in the Roza Creek area. Raspberries, zucchini, apricots, and some blueberries were harvested. Northeast Washington also saw more hot and dry weather. Most pasture fields and crops still looked good. Southeast Washington received warmer weather and some precipitation.

Soil Moisture Condition — Idaho, Oregon, and Washington: Week Ending 07/02/23

Item and State	Very short	Short	Adequate	Surplus
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Topsoil moisture Idaho Oregon Washington	2 27 26	19 39 39	77 34 35	2 - -
Subsoil moisture Idaho Oregon Washington	2 20 23	20 39 36	76 41 41	2 -

⁻ Represents zero.

Pasture, Range, and Crop Condition — Idaho, Oregon, and Washington: Week Ending 07/02/23

Crop and State	Very poor		Fair	Good	Excellent	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Pasture and range						
Idaho	-	6	22	52	20	
Oregon	1	9	63	17	10	
Washington	1	13	45	35	6	
Winter wheat						
Idaho	2	14	36	46	2	
Oregon	9	42	28	20	1	
Washington	2	12	35	46	5	
Spring wheat						
Idaho	-	3	33	61	3	
Oregon	5	44	34	16	1	
Washington	1	18	33	43	5	
Barley						
Idaho	-	1	24	73	2	
Oregon	5	10	44	38	3	
Washington	1	9	36	53	1	
Oats						
Idaho	-	-	25	72	3	
Oregon	1	6	44	45	4	
Potatoes						
Idaho	-	-	30	69	1	
Oregon	-	-	29	55	16	
Washington	-	2	40	46	12	
Corn						
Idaho	-	2	12	81	5	
Oregon	-	2	35	53	10	
Washington	-	-	23	59	18	
Dry edible beans						
Idaho	=	6	53	40	1	
Washington	-	5	46	43	6	
Onions						
Idaho	-	-	-	92	8	
Oregon	=	5	24	61	10	
Washington	-	1	27	72	-	
Sugarbeets						
Idaho	-	-	13	75	12	
Oregon	-	-	20	70	10	
Dry edible peas						
Idaho	-	6	55	38	1	
Oregon	10	27	40	19	4	
Washington	-	6	38	53	3	

⁻ Represents zero.

Crop Progress — Idaho: Week Ending 07/02/23

	Percent completed				
Crop and activity	This week	Last week	Last year	5 Year average	
Spring wheat headed	97 58 54	27 77 32 30 87	54 93 60 49	54 96 59 53 (NA)	
Dry edible beans emerged		69 3	94 89 (NA)	(NA) 88 (NA)	

(NA) Not available.

Crop Progress — Oregon: Week Ending 07/02/23

	Percent completed				
Crop and activity	This week	Last week	Last year	5 Year average	
Spring wheat headed		81	89	91	
Winter wheat harvested		71	- 85	85	
Oats headed	83	68	80 92	81	
Alfalfa hay 1st cuttingAlfalfa hay 2nd cutting	95 27	93 13	19	95 21	

⁻ Represents zero.

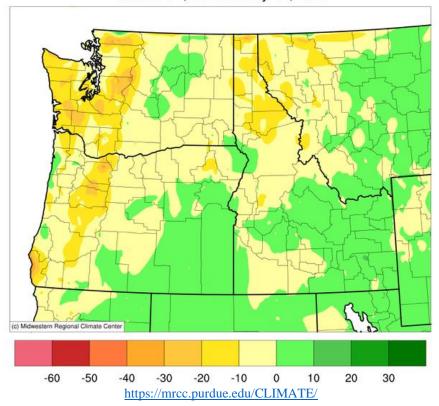
Crop Progress — Washington: Week Ending 07/02/23

	Percent completed				
Crop and activity	This	Last	Last	5 Year	
	week	week	year	average	
Spring wheat headed	90	64	54	80	
Barley headed	86	63	64	80	
Alfalfa hay 1st cutting	96	85	90	(NA)	
Alfalfa hay 2nd cutting		12	14	30	

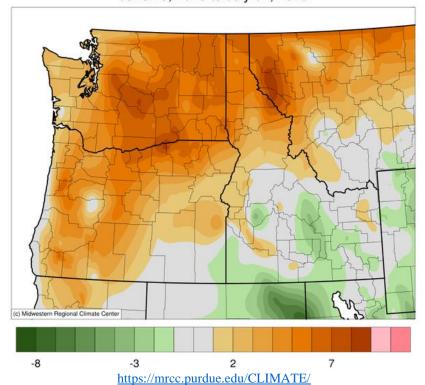
(NA) Not available.

Accumulated Precipitation (in): Departure from 1991-2020 Normals

October 01, 2022 to July 02, 2023



Average Temperature (°F): Departure from 1991-2020 Normals
June 26, 2023 to July 02, 2023





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