

Crop Progress and Condition



NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE

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In Cooperation with...

- University of Idaho Extension
- Idaho State Department of Agriculture
- Oregon State University Extension Service
- · Oregon Department of Agriculture
- Washington State University Extension
- USDA, Farm Service Agency

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Continued Rain Across Idaho

There were 6.2 days suitable for fieldwork in Idaho, up from 5.5 days reported the previous week. The Idaho panhandle experienced warmer than normal temperatures, with the rest of the State slightly cooler for the past week. Clearwater, Idaho, and Adams Counties started cutting hay. Cooler temperatures and rainstorms delayed plant growth in southwest Idaho, although pastures and rangeland benefited from the rain. Elmore County saw some wheat crop damage due to wind. In Jerome and Twin Falls Counties, a break in the rain allowed some rain-damaged hay to be baled. Breezy weather made spraying difficult. Corn planting was nearly complete and growing fast. Most corn fields were in the V4 stage. Beans were emerging rapidly. Potatoes and sugarbeets looked good. Cereal grain heading progressed over the week. Winter wheat appeared to be fully headed. Eastern Idaho observed cooler temperatures and afternoon showers, keeping pastures green.

Cooler Temperatures Reported in Oregon

There were 6.3 days suitable for fieldwork in Oregon, down from 6.5 days reported the previous week. Oregon received scattered showers with mild to moderate temperatures throughout the state. In north Oregon, below average temperatures and scattered showers caused crop progress to slow. Weather conditions stalled grass hay cutting, and quality concerns were present. Grain and grass seed crops needed rain, although there were concerns about possible disease issues. Strawberry crop harvest was affected by the conditions. In Clatsop and Tillamook Counties, there were reports of drier weather conditions. Irrigation began in many fields. Corn was more productive this year than the previous year. In Polk County, there were reports of soil moisture conditions being critically low. In north central Oregon, mild precipitation and windy conditions were reported. Precipitation timing and changes in weather conditions caused crop stress and some crop damage. The expected crop harvest time was projected for the second week in July. There were reports in Gilliam and Hood River Counties that farmers were two to three weeks behind schedule. All cattle were reported grazing in the mountains. In Baker County, rainstorms hindered the first cutting of alfalfa. In Umatilla County, there were no reports of rain, and conditions continued to be very dry, with most dryland fields showing stress. Winter canola looked much better than other winter crops. In Malheur County, unsettled weather conditions created problems with field operations, especially completing the first cutting of hay. Very little first crop hay had been put up without getting wet. Sugarbeet fields achieved row closure. Growers were watching for fungal disease due to cooler weather. Pasture and range conditions were reported as good to excellent.

Unusual Washington Weather

There were 6.0 days suitable for fieldwork in Washington, down from 6.3 days recorded the previous week. Western Washington saw dry conditions until the weekend. Producers were busy irrigating fields. Strawberry harvest was underway for fresh and processed markets. Central Washington had a windstorm on June 13 and 14. Heavy smoke was seen from the Canadian forest fires. The cooler temperatures made the spring wheat crop look good. Producers were expecting a better spring wheat yield than winter wheat in the southeast part of the district. Recent temperatures helped the grass in pasturelands. In Yakima County, there was no precipitation received over the past week. The apricot crop was beginning to increase in size and color. Sweet cherries showed awesome color development as growers moved bins into orchards. Early varieties of cherries were already finding their way to the packinghouse. Field crews were in orchards thinning apples. June-bearing raspberries and blueberries were flowering and setting fruit. Summer squashes were being harvested from vines transplanted under plastic. Sweet corn was starting to tassel, but leaf curl was noted as some plants staved off hot and dry conditions. Hop bines were reaching the top of their 18-foot trellises. The dry weather allowed alfalfa growers to cut and dry a significant portion of the crop in the Yakima Valley. Northeast Washington also saw windstorms that blew in smoke from the north. Pasture grass grew well, along with winter and spring wheat. In east central Washington, producers were concerned about low falling numbers due to late-maturity alpha-amylase, which is caused by temperature shocks during maturation. The region experienced large swings in temperatures. Southeast Washington had unusually cold temperatures for this time of year, which slowed the onset of harvest.

Soil Moisture Condition — Idaho, Oregon, and Washington: Week Ending 06/18/23

Item and State	Very short	Short	Adequate	Surplus		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Topsoil moisture Idaho Oregon Washington	2 23 23	12 47 42	81 30 35	5 -		
Subsoil moisture Idaho Oregon Washington	2 12 20	12 39 33	81 49 47	5 -		

⁻ Represents zero.

Pasture, Range, and Crop Condition — Idaho, Oregon, and Washington: Week Ending 06/18/23

Crop and State	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Pasture and range					
Idaho	1	5	20	55	19
Oregon	2	7	53	29	9
Washington	1	5	60	29	5
Winter wheat					
Idaho	2	14	35	45	4
Oregon	10	30	30	29	1
Washington	1	5	32	56	6
Spring wheat					
Idaho	_	1	39	56	4
Oregon	8	38	31	22	l i
Washington	1	18	39	35	7
Barley					
Idaho	_	1	15	82	2
Oregon	6	12	41	38	3
Washington	1	11	30	56	2
Oats					
			28	66	6
Idaho	1	7	-		4
Oregon	'	/	39	49	4
Potatoes					_
Idaho	-	-	31	68	1
Oregon	-	2	31	52	15
Washington	-	-	46	41	13
Corn					
Idaho	-	-	14	79	7
Oregon	-	1	40	52	7
Washington	-	-	31	54	15
Dry edible beans					
Idaho	-	5	46	46	3
Washington	-	8	50	34	8
Onions					
Idaho	-	-	-	90	10
Oregon	-	5	26	60	9
Washington	-	-	37	63	-
Sugarbeets					
Idaho	_	_	9	68	23
Oregon	-	5	15	70	10
Dry edible peas					
Idaho	_	5	53	40	2
				-	
	10		35	23	7
Oregon	10	25 10	35 35	23 50	7 5

⁻ Represents zero.

Crop Progress — Idaho: Week Ending 06/18/23

	Percent completed				
Crop and activity	This	Last	Last	5 Year	
	week	week	year	average	
Spring wheat headed	9	4	8	15	
Winter wheat headed	69	53	42	72	
Barley headed	13	5	18	23	
Oats emerged	96	94	93	94	
Oats headed	12	4	14	25	
Potatoes emerged	91	69	93	90	
Field corn emerged	96	88	94	(NA)	
Dry edible beans planted	94	85	92	(NA)	
Dry edible beans emerged	83	76	80	84	
Alfalfa hay 1st cutting	51	40	35	62	
Alfalfa hay 2nd cutting	1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	

(NA) Not available.

Crop Progress — Oregon: Week Ending 06/18/23

	Percent completed				
Crop and activity	This week	Last week	Last year	5 Year average	
Spring wheat headed Winter wheat headed Barley headed Oats headed Potatoes emerged. Field corn emerged Alfalfa hay 1st cutting. Alfalfa hay 2nd cutting	100 63 61 95 95 90	56 94 43 37 90 89 84 (NA)	33 94 29 23 94 83 63 (NA)	59 98 54 54 (NA) (NA) 82 (NA)	

(NA) Not available.

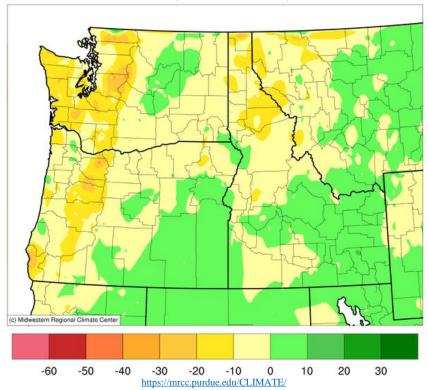
Crop Progress — Washington: Week Ending 06/18/23

	Percent completed				
Crop and activity	This week	Last week	Last year	5 Year average	
Spring wheat headed Winter wheat headed Barley headed Potatoes emerged. Field corn emerged Alfalfa hay 1st cutting. Alfalfa hay 2nd cutting.	90 34 95 89 78	17 81 4 91 75 68 (NA)	13 65 19 88 75 58 (NA)	36 88 40 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	

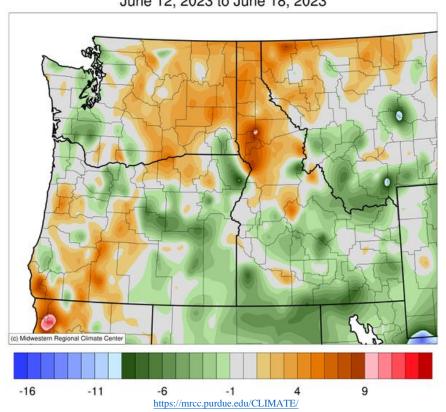
(NA) Not available.

Accumulated Precipitation (in): Departure from 1991-2020 Normals

October 01, 2022 to June 18, 2023



Average Temperature (°F): Departure from 1991-2020 Normals
June 12, 2023 to June 18, 2023





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