

#### **United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service**



# **Texas Crop Progress and Condition**

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Issue: TX-CW2524 Weekly Summary for July 1 - July 7 Released: July 8, 2024

Hot and dry conditions continued to cause fields to dry out, and showing signs of heat stress in parts of the state. Rainfall ranged from trace amounts up to 6 inches, with the Northern High Plains receiving the most rain. Drought conditions ranged from none to extreme drought with areas in the Trans-Pecos and Edwards Plateau being the driest. There was an average of 5.8 days suitable for fieldwork. With hurricane Beryl making landfall in the early morning hours of Monday, July 8, we expect to see reports of its impact in next week's publication.

**Small Grains:** Small grain harvest was wrapping up in the Northern High Plains. Winter wheat harvested reached 92 percent, up 5 points from the previous week, but down 1 point from normal. Oats harvested reached 95 percent, up 4 points from the previous week, but unchanged from normal.

Row Crops: Row crops continued to progress across the state. In the Cross Timbers, the Blacklands, North East Texas, and the Edwards-Plateau, corn and sorghum were showing signs of stress due to a lack of rainfall. In the South Central district, corn harvest was expected to begin in the coming weeks. Corn dough reached 60 percent, up 13 points from the previous week, and up 8 points from normal. Corn dented reached 34 percent, up 20 points from normal. Sorghum coloring reached 50 percent, up 4 points from the previous week, and up 3 points from normal. Sorghum mature reached 43 percent, up 4 points from the previous week, and up 38 points from normal. Sorghum harvested reached 33 percent, up 6 points from the previous week. In the Southern High Plains and Southern Low Plains, cotton fields were showing signs of drought stress. In the Blacklands, insect damage was sighted in some cotton fields. Cotton squaring reached 42 percent, up 5 points from the previous week, and up 1 point from normal. Cotton setting bolls reached 19 percent, up 6 points from the previous week, and up 4 points from normal. Rice headed reached 78 percent, up 13 points from the previous week, and up 6 points from normal. Peanuts pegging reached 16 percent, up 4 points from the previous week, and up 6 points from normal. Soybeans blooming reached 46 percent, up 4 points from the previous week, but down 11 points from normal. In South Texas, sunflowers were being harvested. Sunflowers harvested reached 9 percent, up 3 points from the previous week, but unchanged from normal.

**Fruit, Vegetable, and Specialty Crops:** In the Southern High Plains, watermelons and cantaloupes were being harvested. In the Trans-Pecos, producers were harvesting watermelons, cantaloupes, and onions.

**Livestock, Range and Pasture:** In the Southern Low Plains and the Cross Timbers districts, grasshoppers continued to damage pasture forages. In other parts of the state, producers continued to notice stress in pastures due to a lack of rainfall. Pasture and range conditions were rated at 59%, fair to good.

# **Crop Progress by Percent**

For Week Ending 07/07/2024

Chama	Percentage of Acreage						
Stage	Current Week	Previous Week	Previous Year	5 Year Average			
Corn							
Silked	75	70	74	73			
Dough	60	47	54	52			
Dented	34	(NA)	11	14			
Mature	23	(NA)	-	-			
Harvested	12	(NA)	-	-			
Cotton		, ,					
Squaring	42	37	43	41			
Setting Bolls	19	13	17	15			
Peanuts							
Pegging	16	12	12	10			
Rice							
Headed	78	65	58	60			
Sorghum							
Headed	71	65	68	68			
Coloring	50	46	47	47			
Mature	43	39	-	5			
Harvested	33	27	-	-			
Soybeans							
Émerged	92	85	92	95			
Blooming	46	42	45	57			
Sunflowers							
Planted	92	84	92	90			
Harvested	9	6	10	9			
Winter Wheat							
Harvested	92	87	91	93			
Oats							
Harvested	95	91	94	95			

(NA) Not available

- Represents zero

### **Crop Condition by Percent**

For Week Ending 07/07/2024

Crop	Percent of Acreage					Index <sup>1</sup>	
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2024	2023
Corn	18	36	28	15	3	73	78
Cotton	8	27	33	17	15	58	54
Peanuts	8	46	37	6	3	74	71
Rice	10	71	16	2	1	85	83
Sorghum	16	41	29	10	4	75	76
Soybeans	10	25	46	15	4	65	76
Wheat	5	23	55	11	6	62	60
Oats	3	27	35	13	22	53	56
Range and Pasture	7	27	32	21	13	57	50

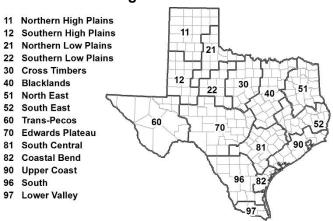
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

#### Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District

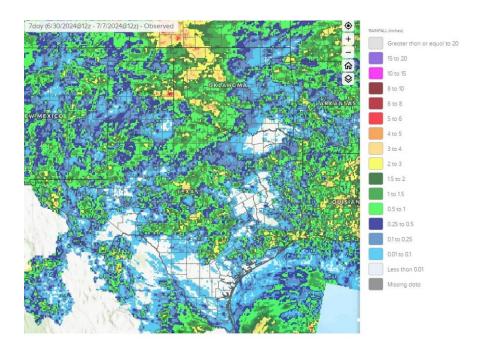
For Week Ending 07/07/2024

	Subsoil Moisture Condition by District			Topsoil Moisture Condition by District			Days Suitable for		
District	Percentage of Acreage			Percentage of Acreage					
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Fieldwork
11	18	37	45	0	20	30	50	0	5.3
12	19	33	45	3	18	31	42	9	5.7
21	2	68	30	0	22	42	35	1	5.8
22	17	36	47	0	21	28	42	9	6.1
30	3	35	62	0	8	59	32	1	5.6
40	15	32	51	2	18	40	42	0	6.8
51	2	28	62	8	4	26	61	9	6.7
52	2	30	53	15	0	19	69	12	6.4
60	40	20	40	0	30	50	20	0	3.1
70	38	38	23	1	30	16	53	1	5.6
81	5	42	49	4	0	50	44	6	6.1
82	0	5	76	19	0	13	75	12	5.9
90	0	20	80	0	0	30	70	0	4.1
96	7	38	52	3	7	48	43	2	6.7
97	6	32	59	3	5	50	35	10	5.4
State	13	35	50	2	15	35	46	4	5.8

## **Texas Agricultural Districts**



## Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, July 7, 2024



Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov

# Drought Monitor, Map Released: July 3, 2024

