

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

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Issue: TX-CW1323 Weekly Summary for April 10 - April 16 Released: April 17, 2023

Most of the state received from trace amounts to one inch of precipitation last week. Areas of South East Texas, the Plains, and the Upper Coast received between 1 to 3 inches of rain. Drought conditions ranged from none to exceptionally dry, with isolated parts of the Edwards Plateau, South Central Texas, and the Plains being the driest. There was an average of 6.1 days suitable for fieldwork.

Small Grains: In the Plains and the Crosstimbers, producers noticed signs of stress in wheat. Some have begun to cut for hay, while others were allowing cattle to continue grazing. In the Blacklands, winter wheat had shown improvement. Winter wheat in some areas of the state continued to mature as more yield assessments were being made. Winter wheat condition throughout the state was rated fair to poor. Winter wheat headed reached 35 percent, 6 points up from the previous year. Oats headed reached 55 percent, same as the previous year. Oats condition was rated fair to very poor.

Row Crops: In the Edwards Plateau and South Central Texas, corn reported to be emerging nicely. Corn emerged reached 56 percent, up 8 points from the previous year. Sorghum planted reached 52 percent, down 4 points from the previous year. Cotton planted reached 13 percent, down 2 points from the previous year. Cotton growers were in great need of rain in order to have any hope of a cotton crop. In the Blacklands, cotton producers continued to wait for dryer soil conditions to plant, while in South Central Texas planting is underway. Rice emerged reached 41 percent, same as the previous year.

Fruit, Vegetable, and Specialty Crops: In South East Texas wet conditions have caused disease in some vegetable fields.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Supplemental feeding continued throughout the state. Sporadic rains were welcomed in some areas of the state. While some areas were seeing improved green pastures, other areas remained dry as producers hoped for more rainfall. Range and pasture condition was rated poor to very poor.

Crop Progress

Chara	Percent of Acreage							
Stage	Current Week	Previous Week	Previous Year	5 Year Average				
Corn								
Planted	65	61	64	61				
Emerged	56	40	48	46				
Cotton								
Planted	13	11	15	14				
Rice								
Planted	55	49	71	71				
Emerged	41	27	41	51				
Sorghum								
Planted	52	48	56	58				
Winter Wheat								
Headed	35	31	29	37				
Oats								
Headed	55	41	55	54				

Crop Condition

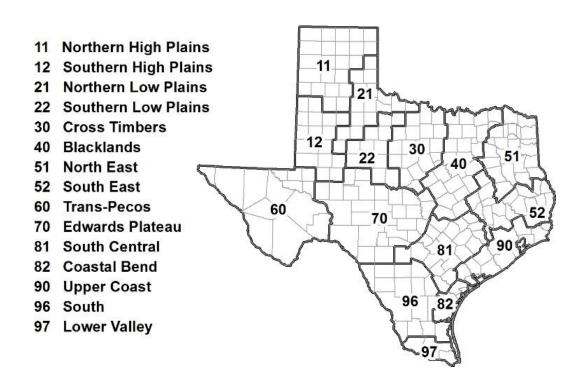
Crop	Percent of Acreage					Index ¹	
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2023	2022
Wheat	1	15	32	28	24	42	22
Oats	3	15	29	25	28	42	21
Range and Pasture	3	12	28	29	28	40	26

The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

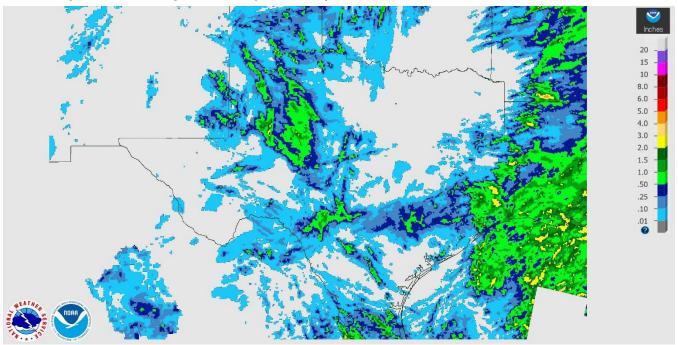
Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District

	Subsoil Moisture Condition by District			Topsoil Moisture Condition by District				Days Suitable for	
District	Percentage of Acreage			Percentage of Acreage					
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Fieldwork
11	54	40	6	0	62	36	2	0	6.8
12	72	28	0	0	56	42	2	0	6.8
21	27	51	22	0	48	42	10	0	6.7
22	42	56	2	0	32	68	0	0	6.1
30	19	41	37	3	18	47	35	0	6.8
40	13	25	46	16	11	20	51	18	5.2
51	0	4	60	36	0	4	51	45	6.7
52	0	9	70	21	1	9	71	19	5.1
60	28	44	28	0	32	47	21	0	6.2
70	27	54	18	1	41	43	15	1	7.0
81	2	38	60	0	0	33	63	4	6.2
82	11	11	70	8	11	10	71	8	1.5
90	2	16	45	37	0	15	51	34	4.9
96	27	29	44	0	16	33	50	1	4.7
97	2	23	50	25	33	11	56	0	4.8
State	34	34	25	7	34	35	24	7	6.1

Texas Agricultural Districts

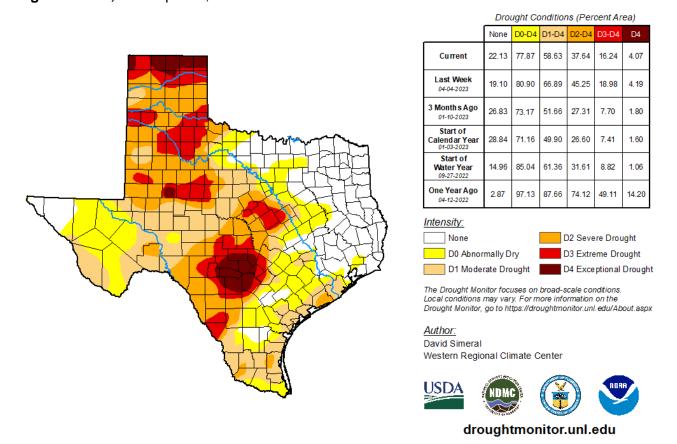


Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, April 16, 2023.



Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov

Drought Monitor, Valid April 11, 2023.



Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu