



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

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Most of the state received from trace amounts to upwards of 2.0 inches of precipitation. Areas in South East Texas and the Upper Coast received the most moisture. Drought conditions range from none to Exceptionally Dry with the Northern and Southern Plains being the driest. There was an average of 5.9 days suitable for fieldwork.

Small Grains: Winter wheat was still in need of rain in most areas of the state. Winter wheat emerged reached 90 percent, down 2 points from the previous year and normal. Oats emerged reached 94 percent, down 2 points from the previous year and normal.

Row Crops: Cotton harvest was complete in most areas with reports of good yields. Cotton harvested reached 95 percent, unchanged from the previous year and normal. Peanut harvest was complete in areas of the Lower Valley. Peanuts harvested reached 98 percent, unchanged from the previous year and normal.

Fruit, Vegetable and Specialty Crops: Winter garden crops are doing well such as spinach and cabbage, all other fields are being prepped for future planting.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Supplemental feeding continued across the state. The topsoil and subsoil conditions are very short due to the lack of moisture. Recent freezing that occurred across the state has affected the pasture and range conditions. Moisture was still needed in many areas. Range and pasture condition were rated mostly poor.

Crop Progress

Stage	Percent of Acreage			
	Current Week	Previous Week	Previous Year	5 Year Average
Winter Wheat				
Emerged	90	(NA)	92	92
Oats				
Emerged	94	(NA)	96	96

(NA) Not available.

Crop Condition

Crop	Percent of Acreage					Index ¹	
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2022	2021
Wheat	0	7	22	25	46	28	49
Oats	1	16	20	14	49	33	51
Range and Pasture	1	14	27	35	23	40	43

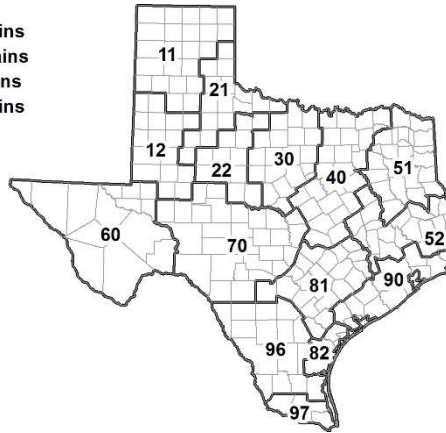
¹ The formula for the condition index is $I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100$ where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District

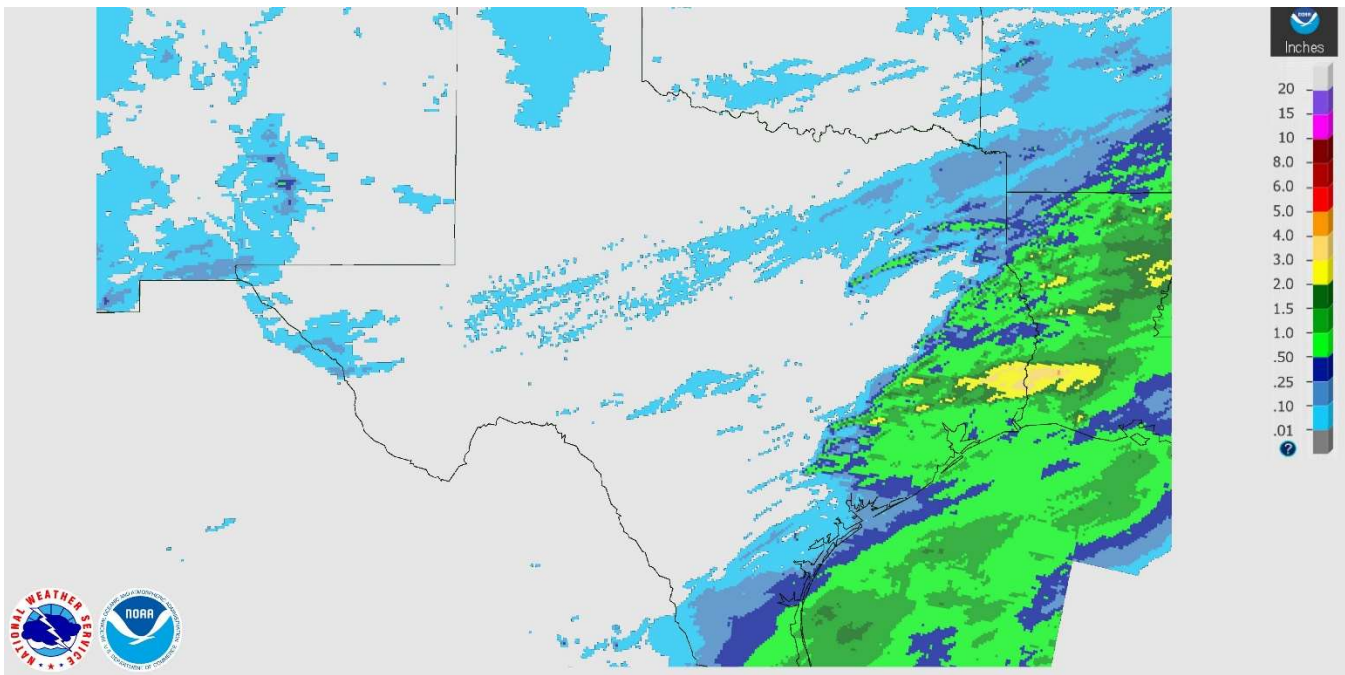
District	Topsoil Moisture Condition by District				Subsoil Moisture Condition by District				Days Suitable for Fieldwork
	Percentage of Acreage				Percentage of Acreage				
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	
11	41	35	24	0	23	61	16	0	6.8
12	3	94	3	0	3	94	3	0	5.5
21	25	55	20	0	25	53	22	0	6.3
22	53	25	22	0	42	42	15	1	6.3
30	7	48	42	3	6	45	46	3	6.0
40	13	28	55	4	13	28	57	2	5.7
51	22	36	39	3	24	42	32	2	6.3
52	1	39	48	12	1	38	49	12	5.8
60	28	49	23	0	22	53	25	0	6.0
70	34	44	21	1	35	42	22	1	6.7
81	1	9	90	0	0	6	94	0	5.9
82	0	50	50	0	0	40	60	0	7.0
90	1	5	33	61	2	5	34	59	2.7
96	7	47	45	1	9	50	40	1	6.2
97	3	8	80	9	3	7	83	7	2.5
State	20	44	32	4	15	50	31	4	5.9

Texas Agricultural Districts

- 11 Northern High Plains
- 12 Southern High Plains
- 21 Northern Low Plains
- 22 Southern Low Plains
- 30 Cross Timbers
- 40 Blacklands
- 51 North East
- 52 South East
- 60 Trans-Pecos
- 70 Edwards Plateau
- 81 South Central
- 82 Coastal Bend
- 90 Upper Coast
- 96 South
- 97 Lower Valley

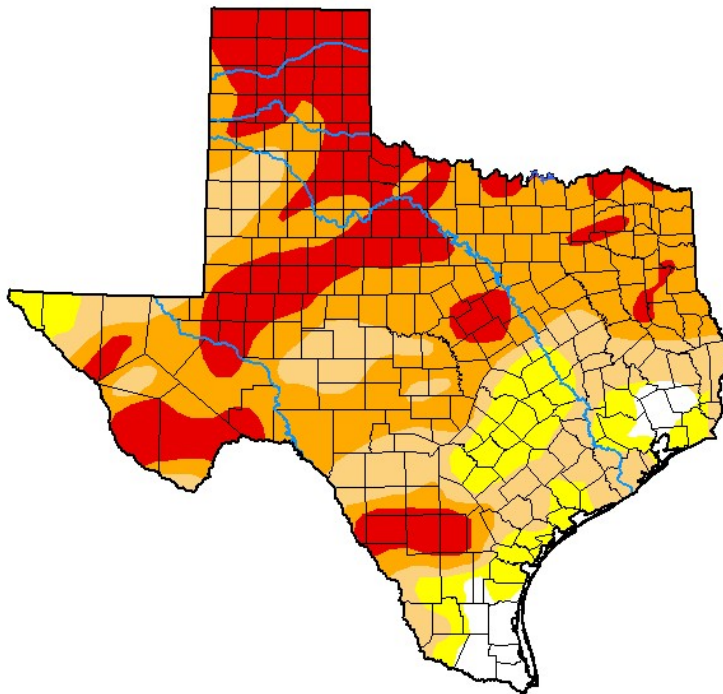


Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, January 23, 2022



Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov

Drought Monitor, Valid January 18, 2022.



Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	3.53	96.47	86.04	64.67	25.87	0.00
Last Week <i>01-11-2022</i>	3.21	96.79	82.48	62.44	21.91	0.00
3 Months Ago <i>10-19-2021</i>	53.43	46.57	19.05	0.88	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year <i>01-04-2022</i>	7.58	92.42	79.83	54.25	16.69	0.00
Start of Water Year <i>09-28-2021</i>	45.57	54.43	7.26	0.27	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago <i>01-19-2021</i>	31.44	68.56	48.57	33.06	19.83	6.08

Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

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Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, <http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu>