## **NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS**



## United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

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## CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 1, 2023

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Crops and livestock alike were proving resilient in New Mexico, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Agriculture across the State last week was observed in mostly fair or better condition despite early season hail and worsening drought. There were 6.9 days suitable for fieldwork. The green chile harvest continued for another week, reaching 90 percent complete by week's end. Significant progress was seen in the red chile harvest, which jumped from 4 percent the previous week, to 23 percent complete. The cotton crop was looking better-than-average, with 56 percent observed in good or excellent condition, compared with 30 percent last year. Though in good condition, cotton progress is significantly behind the 5-year average. Last week, 80 percent of cotton fields had set bolls, and 25 percent had begun opening. Historically, the crop had finished setting bolls by this time, and 46 percent have opened. Statewide, 77 percent of the corn crop had reached the dough stage, 51 percent was dented, and 9 percent was mature. The corn for silage harvest sat at just 18 percent complete, compared with progress of 50 percent last year.

Drought conditions increased in intensity last week, according to the U.S. Drought Monitor, with land moving to exceptional drought status for the first time since May of this year. The abnormally dry category (D0) was 3 percent, moderate drought (D1) was 29 percent, severe drought (D2) was 35 percent, extreme drought (D3) was 25 percent, and the area in exceptional drought (D4) was 7 percent. The drought information statement issued by the National Weather Service on September 7, remained in effect. The statement was in response to widespread drought conditions, including extreme drought conditions primarily in southeastern New Mexico, with growing areas in southwestern and northwestern New Mexico. The NOAA Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Service reported rainfall totaling more than 1 inch across eastern New Mexico last week. Many parts of the State have seen increased precipitation in recent weeks; however, NOAA experts say it is not enough to make up for several months of extremely hot, dry weather. The first week of fall was unseasonably warm in New Mexico, with temperatures 3-5 degrees above average, according to the High Plains Regional Climate Center. Despite the lack of moisture this summer, livestock in New Mexico were faring significantly better than the 5-year average, including 42 percent of cattle and 11 percent of sheep in excellent condition, compared with 11 percent and 1 percent last year. Pecan nut set was observed as 23 percent light and 77 percent moderate, a slight drop from the previous week of 14 percent and 86 percent, respectively. This remains worse than the previous year and the 5-year average, which include heavy nut set at 10 percent and 18 percent, respectively. Local weather reports warned of possible incoming storms, following wind gusts of 35-55 mph recorded toward the end of last week. Wind damage to all crops was reported as 14 percent light, 14 percent moderate, and 6 percent severe, while hail damage to all crops was reported as 13 percent light, 20 percent moderate, and 13 percent severe. One reporter noted that hail damage has become more apparent as crops mature, explaining the creep in numbers, despite no hail falling during the week. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 16 percent very short, 39 percent short, 42 percent adequate, and 3 percent surplus. Stock water supplies were reported as 14 percent very short, 31 percent short, 54 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus. Conditions for both hay and roughage, and stock water worsened slightly from the previous week.

CROP PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Alfalfa Hay						
4 <sup>th</sup> cutting harvested	87	85	NA	NA		
5 <sup>th</sup> cutting harvested	15	4	64	71		
6 <sup>th</sup> cutting harvested	1	NA	13	23		
Chiles						
Green harvested	90	78	NA	NA		
Red harvested	23	4	35	17		
Corn						
Doughed	77	67	NA	NA		
Dented	51	38	70	81		
Mature	9	NA	32	56		
Harvested for silage	18	15	50	72		
Cotton						
Setting Bolls	80	77	NA	NA		
Bolls Opening	25	23	50	46		
Onions						
Planted	5	NA	13	NA		
Winter wheat						
Planted	55	37	57	75		
Emerged	20	2	38	52		

NA – not available

(--) – zero

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.9	6.9	6.7	6.2
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	42	49	18	25
Short	38	29	48	39
Adequate	20	22	32	34
Surplus			2	2
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	39	46	30	35
Short	41	32	50	40
Adequate	20	22	20	24
Surplus				1

CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year averag		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Alfalfa hay						
Very poor			1	5		
Poor	1		4	6		
Fair	20	12	20	26		
Good	57	59	57	48		
Excellent	22	29	18	15		
Corn						
Very poor	7	4	4	1		
Poor	6	7	15	6		
Fair	26	21	24	33		
Good	40	38	29	32		
Excellent	21	30	28	28		
Cotton						
Very poor			5	2		
Poor	11	12	27	17		
Fair	33	37	38	42		
Good	32	23	26	33		
Excellent	24	28	4	6		
Pasture and Range						
Very poor	8	6	6	15		
Poor	23	14	32	26		
Fair	28	21	41	39		
Good	23	32	14	14		
Excellent	18	27	7	6		
Peanuts						
Very poor			5	2		
Poor	25	25	7	12		
Fair	50	50	75	53		
Good	25	25	13	33		
Excellent						
Pecans						
Very poor	1		1			
Poor	1	1	4	3		
Fair	4	1	5	11		
Good	10	5	38	62		
Excellent	84	93	52	24		
Cattle and calves						
Very poor	3	1	1	2		
Poor	3	3	6	10		
Fair	22	17	44	40		
Good	30	28	38	34		
Excellent	42	51	11	14		
Sheep and lambs						
Very poor	6		1	10		
Poor	8		4	8		
Fair	21	17	43	35		
Good	54	63	51	44		
Excellent	11	20	1	3		