NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

PO Box 1809, Las Cruces, NM 88004 Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE April 4, 2022

Contact: Longino Bustillos (800) 530-8810

CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING APRIL 3, 2022

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: With meaningful precipitation limited to extremely isolated pockets of a few counties during the past week, drought continued its stronghold on New Mexico which has forced farmers and ranchers to make challenging decisions regarding how to proceed with their operations in 2022, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Statewide, 80 percent of the pastures and ranges were reported in fair or worse condition, with comments from several counties indicating a dire need for heavy spring rainfall. Reports from San Juan County noted that some ranchers in the area had water wells on their land that were going dry. Additionally, range conditions in the county varied drastically depending on how long animals were turned out during the winter. In Union County, pastures were very dry and fire danger was extreme despite some limited rainfall. Reports of a wildfire were noted in Lea County. Farmers were busy preparing to plant or planting row crops, with progress for chile and cotton advancing ahead of the normal pace. Statewide, 37 percent of the chile crop was planted by week's end, roughly 10 days ahead of progress last year, while 3 percent of the cotton crop was planted, about 8 days ahead of last year. Calving and lambing were steadily progressing ahead of both last year and the average pace, with 88 percent of the cattle herd and 71 percent of the sheep herd receiving supplemental feed. Converted moisture totals – accounting for any precipitation received as snow – remained well below average for much of the State during the week, with widespread areas across southern New Mexico accumulating moisture that totaled 10 percent or normal or less. Since January 1, precipitation was well below normal for most of the State. According to the United States Drought Monitor for March 29, exceptional drought (D4) was present across 5.5 percent of the State, while extreme drought (D3) expanded to cover 38.3 percent of New Mexico, up 4.2 percentage points from last week. Severe drought (D2) was categorized across 47.4 percent of New Mexico, and moderate drought (D1) was present on 7.7 percent. Another 1.1 percent of the State was abnormally dry (D0). Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 11 percent very short, 34 percent short, 54 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus, compared with 35 percent very short, 40 percent short, and 25 percent adequate last year. Stock water supplies were reported as 36 percent very short, 28 percent short, and 36 percent adequate, compared with 45 percent very short, 20 percent short, 34 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus last year.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous report	Previous year	5-year average		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Chile	, ,	,	,	,		
Planted	37	21	20	24		
Emerged	1	NA	NA	NA		
Cotton						
Planted	3	NA		1		
Onions						
Planted	20	15	32	41		
Emerged	10	5	19	22		
Cattle and calves						
Cows calved	60	45	53	43		
Receiving supplemental feed	88	90	87	80		
Sheep and lambs						
Ewes lambed	72	50	53	37		
Receiving supplemental feed	71	71	89	77		
NIA and an all all a						

NA - not available

(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION						
	Current week	Previous report	Previous year	5-year average		
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.5	NA	6.7	6.5		
Topsoil moisture Very shortShortAdequate	(percent) 40 48 12	(percent) 44 45 11	(percent) 47 33 19	(percent) 30 38 31		

48

39

13

58

34

7

28

41

30

Surplus......NA – not available

Subsoil moisture

Surplus.....

Very short.....

Short

Adequate.....

(--) - zero

CROP. LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

45

41

14

CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION							
Commodity	Current week	Previous report	Previous year	5-year average			
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)			
Alfalfa hay	., ,	, ,	,	, ,			
Very poor	2	2		1			
Poor	7	4	4	7			
Fair	10	7	70	53			
Good	81	87	24	37			
Excellent			2	2			
Pasture and range							
Very poor	13	NA	30	13			
Poor	23	NA	30	20			
Fair	44	NA	34	46			
Good	18	NA	6	20			
Excellent	2	NA		1			
Winter wheat							
Very poor	36	29	60	15			
Poor	42	40	20	26			
Fair	15	24	5	29			
Good	5	6	5	22			
Excellent	2	1	10	8			
Cattle and calves							
Very poor	3	3	5	3			
Poor	14	15	15	12			
Fair	46	47	40	43			
Good	29	27	25	34			
Excellent	8	8	15	8			
Sheep and lambs	-		, •				
Very poor	2	2	20	9			
Poor	- 7	16	11	13			
Fair	38	31	29	38			
Good	43	43	40	39			
Excellent	10	8		1			

NA – not available (--) – zero