

NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS

United States Department of Agriculture **NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE** PO Box 1809, Las Cruces, NM 88004 Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE June 28, 2021

CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING JUNE 27, 2021

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Growing conditions across the State remained troublesome for most producers as high temperatures and below average rainfall continued to dominate the State, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. For some areas, a forecasted cold front was expected to bring cooler temperatures and increased chances for rainfall. Statewide, 72 percent of the State's pastures and rangelands were reported in very poor or poor condition, compared with 68 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 44 percent. Growers stayed busy harvesting alfalfa, triticale and wheat hays, as well as winter wheat for grain. The State's onion harvest was well underway. Livestock were still being supplemented with hay and minerals to help offset the reduction in pasture grass quality and quantity. During the past week, converted moisture totals ranged from approximately 3 inches to merely a trace. Rainfall was more widespread, although total accumulations were well below average in most locations. According to the United States Drought Monitor for June 22, drought-free conditions existed across an area equal to 1.0 percent of the State. Comments from the area continued to note that visually, drought was still present. Abnormal dryness decreased to cover 4.9 percent of the State. Moderate drought (D1) increased, and was present across 6.6 percent of New Mexico lands, while severe drought (D2) remained across 24.4 percent. Slight changes were evident in extreme (D3) and exceptional (D4) drought, with 31.2 and 31.8 percent of the State classified in the two categories, respectively. Collectively, about 76,659 square miles were still affected by extreme and exceptional drought. Topsoil moisture levels were reported as 78 percent short to very short, compared with 86 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 72 percent. Hail damage in all crops was reported as 7 percent light. Wind damage in all crops was reported as 20 percent light, 1 percent moderate, and 1 percent severe. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 40 percent very short, 35 percent short, 24 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus, compared with 4 percent very short, 42 percent short, 53 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus last year. Stock water supplies were reported as 61 percent very short, 10 percent short, 28 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus, compared with 23 percent very short, 40 percent short, and 37 percent adequate last year.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Alfalfa hay						
2 nd cutting harvested	50	45	46	54		
3 rd cutting harvested	2	NA	16	NA		
Corn						
Emerged	91	84	71	85		
Cotton						
Emerged	88	79	79	85		
Squaring	10	7	16	15		
Onions						
Harvested	15	3	47	51		
Peanuts						
Emerged	77	57	96	70		
Winter wheat						
Harvested	43	33	62	58		
Cattle and calves						
Receiving supplemental feed	80	82	76	NA		
Sheep and lambs						
Receiving supplemental feed	79	82	64	NA		
VA – not available						

(--) - zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.6	6.9	6.6	6.6
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	50	45	50	32
Short	28	30	36	40
Adequate	20	24	14	26
Surplus	2	1		2
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	60	55	50	29
Short	31	35	40	42
Adequate	8	10	10	28
Surplus	1			1

NA - not available

(--) – zero

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CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Alfalfa hay			-			
Very poor			5	4		
Poor	9	5	7	5		
Fair	45	40	26	26		
Good	25	30	58	59		
Excellent	21	25	4	6		
Chile						
Very poor	2	2		1		
Poor	7	7	4	6		
Fair	18	17	49	37		
Good	42	40	45	46		
			43	-		
Excellent	31	34	2	10		
Corn						
Very poor	1	1	3	3		
Poor	4	2	3	5		
Fair	47	42	55	43		
Good	23	32	13	32		
Excellent	25	23	26	17		
Cotton						
Very poor	2	2		2		
Poor	29	29	16	15		
Fair	43	41	58	46		
	43	41 18		30		
Good			25	50		
Excellent	9	10	1	/		
Onions						
Very poor				NA		
Poor			4	NA		
Fair	10	10	23	NA		
Good	35	35	34	NA		
Excellent	55	55	39	NA		
Pasture and range						
Very poor	39	31	32	15		
	33					
Poor		32	36	29		
Fair	18	20	27	36		
Good	8	12	5	18		
Excellent	2	5		2		
Pecans						
Very poor				1		
Poor	2	1	1	1		
Fair	5	1	14	11		
Good	93	98	70	62		
Excellent	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	70	15	25		
Winter wheat			1.7	2.5		
	25	20	NT A	NT A		
Very poor	35	30	NA	NA		
Poor	24	28	NA	NA		
Fair	25	30	NA	NA		
Good	5	9	NA	NA		
Excellent	11	3	NA	NA		
Cattle and calves						
Very poor	11	7	2	2		
Poor	16	15	10	8		
Fair	34	36	42	37		
Good	30	30	38	45		
	30 9	5		43		
Excellent	9	5	8	ð		
Sheep and lambs	2.5		10			
Very poor	26	20	10	6		
Poor	8	8	10	8		
Fair	25	30	32	32		
Good	41	42	48	51		
Excellent				3		

NA – not available (--) – zero