## **NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS**



United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

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# CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING JULY 5, 2020

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Northeast New Mexico received much needed rain this past week, but producers across the state remain concerned about the drought conditions, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. In the northeast, rain accumulations ranged from a trace to more than two inches in isolated areas. In Union County, up to four inches of rain was received in some areas, pasture shows a tint of green, and some stock ponds have been replenished. In Curry County, irrigated crops are doing well, but dryland crops need rain soon. Reports from Taos and Rio Arriba Counties indicated, due to reduced water and forage supplies, livestock on rangeland have moved to lower ground earlier than expected this year. Across the northern half of the state, livestock producers are making plans for their herd, should the drought conditions persist, and some producers report low livestock prices. In Taos and Rio Arriba Counties, the first cutting of alfalfa is finished and reports indicated overall production is low. In the southeast, the third cutting of alfalfa is underway. Across the northern half of the state, windy conditions were reported, removing some of the much needed soil moisture. The United States Drought Monitor released on July 2 indicated that extreme drought (D3) covers 11.3 percent of the State and severe drought (D2) now covers 30 percent of the State, both the same as the previous week. The area classified in moderate drought (D1) – currently 11.4 percent – is also the same as the previous week. Overall, conditions rated abnormally dry or worse were evident across 75.1 percent of the State, or roughly 91,400 square miles, which is the same as the previous three weeks. Topsoil moisture levels were reported as 81 percent short to very short, compared with 86 percent last week, 65 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 63 percent. Subsoil moisture levels were reported as 86 percent short to very short, compared with 90 percent last week, 65 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 59 percent. Chile condition was reported as 54 percent good to excellent, compared with 56 percent last year and a 5-year average of 63 percent. Pecan condition was reported as 76 percent good to excellent, compared with 78 percent last year and a 5-year average of 88 percent. Pasture and range condition was reported as 62 percent poor to very poor, compared with 68 percent last week, 40 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 35 percent. Hail damage across all crops was reported as 3 percent light and 2 percent moderate. Wind damage across all crops was reported as 17 percent light and 6 percent moderate. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 2 percent very short, 39 percent short, 58 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus, compared with 4 percent very short, 42 percent short, 53 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus last week. Stock water supplies were reported as 24 percent very short, 42 percent short, and 34 percent adequate, compared with 23 percent very short, 40 percent short, and 37 percent adequate last week.

#### **CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS**

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay	· /	V /	· /	, ,
2 <sup>nd</sup> cutting harvested	60	47	55	67
3 <sup>rd</sup> cutting harvested	30	17	11	31
Corn				
Planted	94	92	NA	NA
Emerged	85	72	89	93
Silked	7	5		5
Cotton				
Emerged	84	79	85	91
Squaring	37	18	36	28
Onions				
Harvested	69	50	54	74
Peanuts				
Pegging	41	22	NA	NA
Winter wheat				
Harvested	84	65	46	71
Cattle and calves				
Receiving supplemental feed	84	76	NA	NA
Sheep and lambs				
Receiving supplemental feed	65	64	NA	NA

NA – not available

(--) – zero

#### DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.4	6.6	6.4	6.5
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	41	50	25	23
Short	40	36	40	40
Adequate	19	14	34	35
Surplus			1	2
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	41	50	25	20
Short	45	40	40	39
Adequate	14	10	34	43
Surplus			1	1

NA – not available

(--) – zero

### CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
-	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay				
Very poor	1	5		4
Poor	7	7	1	4
Fair	30	26	26	28
Good	56	58	67	54
Excellent	6	4	6	10
Chile	· ·	·		10
Very poor			1	1
Poor	6	4	5	7
Fair	40	49	38	29
Good	54	45	56	49
Excellent	J <del>4</del>	2	50	14
Corn		2		14
	1	2	1	2
Very poor	1 4	3 3	1 7	3 4
Poor	' <del>-</del> '	_	7	-
Fair	57	55	56	32
Good	16	13	22	41
Excellent	22	26	14	20
Cotton				
Very poor				2
Poor	16	16	11	12
Fair	53	58	40	41
Good	31	25	40	36
Excellent		1	9	9
Pasture and range				
Very poor	29	32	10	8
Poor	33	36	30	27
Fair	28	27	40	39
Good	10	5	19	22
Excellent			1	4
Peanuts				
Very poor				NA
Poor	11	11	7	NA
Fair	56	62	61	NA
Good	33	27	32	NA
Excellent				NA
Pecans				
Very poor				
Poor	1	1	2	1
Fair	23	14	20	11
Good	70	70	35	62
Excellent	6	15	43	26
Executivity	O	15	43	20
Cattle and calves				
Very poor	2	2	1	1
Poor	8	10	5	5
Fair	43	42	40	35
Good	42	38	45	51
Excellent	5	8	9	8
	J	0	7	0
Sheep and lambs	10	10	1	_
Very poor	19	10	1 7	6
Poor	9	10	/	9
Fair	25	32	48	31
Good	46	48	40	52
Excellent	1		4	2

NA – not available (--) – zero