NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE October 21, 2019

CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 20, 2019

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Measurable moisture was scarce during the week, with trace amounts noted in a limited number of isolated locations, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Average temperatures were near-normal in most areas. Statewide, comments indicated dire moisture levels that have left pasture grasses, as well as stock water levels in less than adequate condition as winter approaches. Ranchers were already hauling water to their herds due to low or dry ponds. In Mora County, reports indicated that soils were dry to a depth of 3-4 feet depending on location. Supplemental feeding was evident for a larger percentage of the cattle herd when compared with last year. In some cases, ranchers chose to reduce their herd sizes rather than try to find feedstuffs throughout the winter. Row crop farmers remained busy harvesting corn, cotton, and peanuts. Chile growers aggressively harvested the red chile crop, although overall progress remained a little over a week behind normal. The United States Drought Monitor released on October 17 noted that while the State remained free of exceptional and extreme drought (D3 and D4), severe drought (D2) was present across 7.6 percent of the State, unchanged from last week. Moderate drought (D1) covered 10.5 percent of the State, also unchanged when compared with last week. Overall, conditions rated abnormally dry or worse were evident across 54.6 percent of the State, an increase of 14.6 percentage points from last week, as the area categorized as abnormally dry (D0) continued to expand to include much of the northern half of the State due to the prolonged lack of meaningful rainfall. Drought-free conditions were present across 45.4 percent of the State. Topsoil moisture levels were reported as 46 percent adequate to surplus, compared with 55 percent last week, 64 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 55 percent. Pasture and range condition was reported as 18 percent good to excellent, compared with 21 percent last week, 12 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 36 percent. Pecan nut set was reported as 15 percent light, 50 percent moderate, and 35 percent heavy, compared with 15 percent light, 65 percent moderate, and 20 percent heavy last year. Hail damage in all crops was reported as 2 percent light, compared with 2 percent light, 1 percent moderate, and 1 percent severe last week. Wind damage in all crops was reported as 3 percent light and 2 percent moderate, compared with 9 percent light, 3 percent moderate, and 1 percent severe last week. Stock water supplies were reported as 25 percent very short, 25 percent short, and 50 percent adequate, compared with 19 percent very short, 21 percent short, 55 percent adequate, and 5 percent surplus last week. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 41 percent very short, 21 percent short, 36 percent adequate, and 2 percent surplus, compared with 4 percent very short, 33 percent short, and 63 percent adequate last year.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS Commodity Current week Previous week Previous year 5-year average (percent) (percent) (percent) (percent) Alfalfa hay 6th cutting harvested 92 87 74 68 Red harvested 25 10 26 41 Corn 89 Dented 86 NA NA 81 81 80 Mature 76 Harvested for grain..... 19 17 10 24 Harvested for silage..... 90 77 95 93 Cotton Bolls opening 90 79 76 84 7 14 Harvested..... 10 Peanuts 15 Harvested.. 35 32 35 Winter wheat Planted..... 95 90 95 93 85 75 89 81 Emerged Cattle and calves Receiving supplemental feed..... 55 NA 47 NA Sheep and lambs Receiving supplemental feed... 48 NA 48 NA

NA – not available

(--) - zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.8	6.2	5.1	6.1
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	15	10	11	13
Short	39	35	25	32
Adequate	45	54	55	50
Surplus	1	1	9	55
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	18	15	20	13
Short	42	39	35	29
Adequate	40	45	42	56
Surplus		1	3	2

NA – not available

(--) – zero

CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Corn				
Very poor	1	1		1
Poor	15	7	1	2
Fair	42	39	33	25
Good	29	37	50	47
Excellent	13	16	16	25
Cotton				
Very poor	2	3		1
Poor	18	19	7	10
Fair	49	45	42	40
Good	24	26	48	41
	7	7	3	8
Excellent	1	/	3	8
Pasture and range	1.4	0	10	o
Very poor	14	9	18	8
Poor	32	33	32	20
Fair	36	37	38	36
Good	14	16	12	30
Excellent	4	5		6
Peanuts				
Very poor				1
Poor	9	7	4	7
Fair	65	61	65	67
Good	26	32	29	25
Excellent	<u></u>		2	
Pecans			_	
Very poor				
Poor			1	
Fair	1	4	6	11
Good	55	48	65	63
Excellent	44	48	28	26
	44	40	28	20
Winter wheat	2	1	2	1
Very poor	2	1	3	1
Poor	15	9	15	9
Fair	28	25	22	41
Good	48	56	47	38
Excellent	7	9	13	11
Cattle and calves				
Very poor	1		2	2
Poor	18	13	6	5
Fair.	52	59	45	32
		22		
Good	24		41	53
Excellent	5	6	6	8
Sheep and lambs			10	1.5
Very poor	2		18	15
Poor	6	5	10	15
Fair	47	41	23	19
Good	40	48	48	47
Excellent	5	6	1	4

NA – not available

(--) – zero