NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

PO Box 1809, Las Cruces, NM 88004 Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE October 15, 2018

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CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 14, 2018

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Measurable moisture was widespread for a second week, and average temperatures fell below normal in most locations as the number of days suitable for fieldwork dropped to 4.4, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. The United States Drought Monitor released on October 11 categorized exceptional drought (D4) rooted across 15.5 percent of New Mexico, unchanged from last week. Severe to extreme drought (D2-D3) was reportedly covering 39.4 percent of the State, with 26.7 percent and 12.7 categorized as D2 and D3, respectively. Overall, conditions rated abnormally dry or worse were entrenched across 98.6 percent of the State, down 1 percent from last week. Topsoil moisture levels were reported as 66 percent adequate to surplus, compared with 58 percent last week, 80 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 52 percent. Pasture and range condition was reported as 15 percent good to excellent, compared with 13 percent last week, 48 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 36 percent. Snow was reported in Rio Arriba County, where yearling cattle were being shipped from high elevation pastures. Several ranchers in San Juan County were reported to be buying hay in bulk to prepare for overwinter feeding since there was very little green up of native pastures this fall. The first frosts of the season were noted in a few other northern counties during the week. Although the corn harvest was slowed, the above average moisture in Union County was expected to benefit the recently sown winter wheat crop. Cooler temperatures in Lea County negatively impacted the peanut harvest, and left the cotton in need of additional heat units to fully mature the crop. Precipitation was recorded at 44 of the 46 reporting weather stations, with Pasamonte, at 1.67 inches, reporting the largest accumulation during the week. There were 8 additional weather stations that reported total precipitation over an inch during the week. Average temperatures ranged from 15 degrees below to 2 degrees above normal. Daytime highs varied from 51 degrees at Navajo Whiskey Creek to 83 degrees at Carlsbad. Overnight lows ranged from 19 degrees at Capulin and Raton to 47 degrees at Carlsbad. Pecan nut set was reported as 20 percent light, 65 percent moderate, and 15 percent heavy. Hail damage in all crops was reported as 1 percent light, 1 percent moderate, and 1 percent severe. Wind damage in all crops was reported as 5 percent light and 4 percent moderate. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 7 percent very short, 25 percent short, 67 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus. Stock water supplies were reported as 15 percent very short, 20 percent short, and 65 percent adequate.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay	'	, ,	,	4 7
6 th cutting harvested	65	57	50	55
Chile				
Red harvested	22	18	48	30
Corn				
Dented	95	90	94	94
Mature	75	65	74	73
Harvested for grain	18	13	9	13
Harvested for silage	93	83	93	89
Cotton				
Bolls opening	66	61	83	81
Harvested	8	1	5	7
Peanuts				
Harvested	23	7	7	30
Sorghum				
Turning color	95	93	92	91
Mature	45	39	59	44
Harvested	6	5	6	2
Winter wheat				
Planted	91	88	99	86
Emerged	85	81	77	66
Cattle and calves				
Receiving supplemental feed	40	42	30	NA
Sheep and lambs				
Receiving supplemental feed	45	50	45	NA

NA – not available

(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	4.4	6.4	5.6	6.5
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	13	18	3	14
Short	21	24	17	34
Adequate	59	57	69	48
Surplus	7	1	11	4
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	26	31	1	NA
Short	31	35	17	NA
Adequate	40	33	81	NA
Surplus	3	1	1	NΔ

NA – not available

(--) – zero

CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Corn				
Very poor	1		1	1
Poor	2	3	2	3
Fair	30	35	26	27
Good	52	44	56	49
Excellent	15	18	15	20
Cotton				
Very poor			4	1
Poor	11	9	7	12
Fair	35	30	50	40
Good	48	53	35	36
Excellent	6	8	4	11
Pasture and range				
Very poor	19	18	3	8
Poor	28	27	17	19
Fair	38	42	32	37
Good	11	11	41	30
Excellent	4	2	7	6
Peanuts			, i	Ŭ
Very poor	<u></u>			1
Poor	13	18	5	9
Fair	59	60	73	73
Good	27	22	22	17
Excellent	1			
Pecans	1			
Very poor				
Poor	1			
Fair	5	2	2	15
Good	74	83	74	60
Excellent	20	15	24	25
Sorghum	20	13	24	23
Very poor Poor	4	8	3	3
	33	40	46	43
Fair	55 55		-	49
Good	8	46	40	
Excellent	o	6	11	5
Winter wheat	1	1	1	NT A
Very poor	1			NA NA
Poor	8	6	10	NA NA
Fair	20	18	18	NA NA
Good	56	65	53	NA NA
Excellent	15	10	21	NA
Soule and select				
Cattle and calves	2			NT.A
Very poor	2		2	NA NA
Poor	7	8	2	NA
Fair	36	30	23	NA NA
Good	40	45	63	NA
Excellent	15	16	10	NA
Sheep and lambs	4.5			3
Very poor	13	10	19	NA
Poor	9	10	20	NA
Fair	25	29	6	NA
Good	52	50	51	NA
Excellent	1	1	4	NA

NA – not available

(--) – zero

New Mexico's weather data can be accessed at the following:

 $\underline{http://www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics\ by\ State/New\ Mexico/Publications/Crop\ Progress\ \&\ Condition/2018/NM-Weather-10142018.pdf}$

Notice: Please be advised, the Weekly Crop Progress report's weather data table may be discontinued for budget reasons. Please contact the NASS Mountain Regional Field Office at (720) 787-3150 with comments or compliments regarding this issue. The Weekly Crop Progress report's crop progress and condition data will remain and be available.