NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

PO Box 1809, Las Cruces, NM 88004 Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE June 11, 2018

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CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING JUNE 10, 2018

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Substantial rainfall continued to elude much of New Mexico, increasing year-to-date deficits in many areas, and forcing ranchers in some areas to consider reducing their herds and forcing those that already have to consider a second reduction, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Ranchers across much of the State continued to haul water to their herds, and supplemental feeding rates remained at or above 82 percent. The United States Drought Monitor released on June 7 categorized exceptional drought (D4) across 18.2 percent of New Mexico, a minimal reduction compared with the previous week. Severe to extreme drought (D2-D3) was now reportedly covering 70.3 percent of the State. Overall, conditions rated abnormally dry or worse blanketed 99.9 percent of New Mexico. Topsoil moisture levels were reported as 23 percent adequate to surplus, compared with 29 percent last week, 44 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 35 percent. Pasture and range condition was reported as 6 percent good to excellent, compared with 5 percent last week, 27 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 24 percent. Wildfire danger remained high, with several fires currently burning across the State. Spring fieldwork was in full swing, with over 50 percent of the major row crops already planted. Depending on location, irrigation water shortages remained a high concern amongst producers. Precipitation was recorded at 28 out of 46 reporting weather stations, with Caprock, at 1.20 inches, reporting the largest accumulation during the week. Average temperatures ranged from 1 degree below to 10 degrees above normal. Daytime highs varied from 77 degrees at Los Alamos to 105 degrees at Carlsbad. Overnight lows ranged from 25 degrees at Angel Fire and El Morro to 66 degrees at NMSU. Hail damage in all crops was reported as 2 percent light, compared 7 percent light last week. Wind damage in all crops was reported as 5 percent light, 5 percent moderate, and 1 percent severe, compared with 11 percent light, 4 percent moderate, and 1 percent severe last week. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 37 percent very short, 23 percent short, and 40 percent adequate, compared with 28 percent very short, 23 percent short, and 49 percent adequate last week. Stock water supplies were reported as 34 percent very short, 20 percent short, and 46 percent adequate, compared with 30 percent very short, 15 percent short, and 55 percent adequate last week.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay	u ,	,	4 /	4 ,
1st cutting harvested	84	71	89	86
2 nd cutting harvested	32	22	38	28
Chile				
Emerged	95	91	94	NA
Corn				
Planted	94	86	89	87
Emerged	80	70	59	51
Cotton				
Planted	98	90	90	94
Emerged	80	70	66	NA
Onions				
Harvested	14	2	29	28
Peanuts				
Planted	52	42	74	70
Emerged	6	2	60	NA
Sorghum				
Planted	62	57	39	47
Emerged	50	41	9	NA
Winter wheat				
Harvested	18	8	41	15
Cattle and calves				
Receiving supplemental feed	82	81	NA	NA
Sheep and lambs				
Receiving supplemental feed	83	80	NA	NA

NA – not available

(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.1
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	50	48	15	31
Short	27	23	41	34
Adequate	23	29	43	33
Surplus			1	2
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	40	36	13	NA
Short	40	39	49	NA
Adequate	20	25	37	NA
Surplus			1	NA

NA – not available

(--) – zero

CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay				
Very poor	15	21		1
Poor	3	2	8	4
Fair	18	21	13	32
Good	63	55	77	49
Excellent	1	1	2	14
Chile				
Very poor				NA
Poor	9	9	4	NA
Fair	10	10	59	NA
Good	61	60	26	NA
Excellent	20	21	11	NA
Corn	20	21	11	IVA
	3	2	1	2
Very poor		2	1	2
Poor	9	8	2	3
Fair	34	41	50	35
Good	33	12	24	37
Excellent	21	37	23	23
otton				
Very poor				1
Poor	14	18	2	13
Fair	43	43	62	39
Good	35	29	33	33
	8	10	3	14
Excellent	o	10	3	14
Onions				
Very poor				
Poor				
Fair	16	16	22	15
Good	50	50	48	39
Excellent	34	34	30	46
Pasture and range				
Very poor	22	26	8	22
Poor	45	42	27	24
Fair	27	27	38	30
	4	3	23	21
Good	2	2	23 4	3
Excellent	2	Δ	4	3
Pecans		27.4		
Very poor		NA		
Poor		NA		2
Fair	4	NA	3	21
Good	96	NA	89	59
Excellent		NA	8	18
Sorghum				
Very poor		NA	5	14
Poor	1	NA	10	2
Fair	44	NA NA	60	37
	52	NA NA	15	44
Good				
Excellent	3	NA	10	3
Vinter wheat	22		_	
Very poor	33	24	2	23
Poor	30	35	15	16
Fair	10	16	44	32
Good	14	6	36	22
Excellent	13	19	3	7
Cattle and calves				
Very poor	3	4	2	NA
Poor	17	14	3	NA NA
	37			· ·
Fair		35	36	NA NA
Good	39	40	53	NA
Excellent	4	7	6	NA
sheep and lambs				
Very poor	14	20	15	NA
Poor	3	6	15	NA
Fair	44	39	10	NA
Good	35	33	60	NA
Excellent	4	2		NA

(--) – zero

New Mexico's weather data can be accessed at the following:

http://www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics by State/New Mexico/Publications/Crop Progress & Condition/2018/NM-Weather-06102018.pdf

Notice: Please be advised, the Weekly Crop Progress report's weather data table may be discontinued for budget reasons. Please contact the NASS Mountain Regional Field Office at (720) 787-3150 with comments or compliments regarding this issue. The Weekly Crop Progress report's crop progress and condition data will remain and be available.